## Yr 4 Decimals and Fractions Unit 2 (4493)

Additional teacher instructions for practice sheets
These notes indicate which practice sheets are most appropriate for which groups.
Day 1 Fractions equivalent to $\frac{1}{2}$ and $\frac{1}{4}$ Sheet 1
Working towards ARE / Working at ARE / Greater Depth
Day 2 Equivalent fractions Sheet 1
Working towards ARE / Working at ARE / Greater Depth
Working at ARE to find 4 more pairs of equivalent fractions.
Greater Depth as for Working at ARE and complete the challenge.
Day 3 Adding and subtracting fractions Sheet 1
Working towards ARE / Working at ARE / Greater Depth
Working towards ARE complete at least the first four additions and subtractions.
Working at ARE complete all calculations.
Greater Depth should also attempt the challenge.

## Fractions equivalent to $\frac{1}{2}$ and $\frac{1}{4}$

Draw a circle round all the fractions which are equivalent to $\frac{1}{2}$. Draw a square round all the fractions which are equivalent to $\frac{1}{4}$.
$\frac{2}{4}$

$\frac{6}{12}$
$\frac{5}{20}$
$\frac{20}{40}$

$\frac{4}{10}$

$\frac{2}{5} \quad \frac{3}{6}$

$\frac{10}{40}$
$\frac{10}{20}$

## Challenge

Write at least two more fractions equivalent to $\frac{1}{2}$ and two more equivalent to $\frac{1}{4}$.

## Equivalent fractions

Use the fraction wall to help you to write pairs of equivalent fractions.


$$
\begin{array}{lll}
\frac{2}{8} \equiv \frac{1}{\square} & \frac{6}{8} \equiv \frac{\square}{4} & \frac{3}{9} \equiv \frac{1}{\square} \\
\frac{2}{12} \equiv \frac{1}{9} \equiv \frac{6}{3} \\
\frac{4}{12} \equiv \frac{3}{\square} & \frac{1}{\square} & \frac{4}{12} \equiv \frac{1}{\square}
\end{array}
$$

## Challenge

How many more rows would we need to draw on the fraction wall to complete this pair of equivalent fractions: $\frac{5}{7} \equiv \stackrel{10}{\square}$ ?

## Adding and subtracting fractions

Use fraction lines to help you work out the answers to these additions and subtractions.


$$
\begin{array}{ll}
\frac{3}{4}+\frac{3}{4}=\square & \frac{5}{6}-\frac{2}{6}=\square \\
\frac{3}{5}+\frac{2}{5}=\square & \frac{4}{5}-\frac{2}{5}=\square \\
\frac{5}{6}+\frac{1}{6}=\square \frac{3}{4}-\frac{1}{4}=\square \\
\frac{4}{5}+\frac{2}{5}=\square \\
\frac{1}{4}+\frac{3}{4}=\square \frac{1}{5}-\frac{3}{5}=\square \\
\frac{5}{6}+\frac{2}{6}=\square \frac{4}{5}+\frac{4}{5}=\square \\
\frac{4}{4}+1 \frac{3}{6}=\square \\
1 \frac{2}{6}-\frac{4}{6}=\square \\
1 \frac{3}{6}-\frac{5}{6}=\square \\
1 \frac{5}{6}-1 \frac{1}{2}=\square
\end{array}
$$

## Challenge

Work with a partner to make up at least four new additions and subtractions.

## Decimals and fractions

## Answers

Day 1 Fractions equivalent to $\frac{1}{2}$ and $\frac{1}{4}$ Sheet 1
$\frac{2}{4}$

$\frac{20}{40}$

$\frac{4}{10}$

## Challenge

Other fractions equivalent to $\frac{1}{2}$ are $\frac{6}{12}, \frac{7}{14}, \frac{8}{16}$, $\frac{11}{22}$, etc.
$\frac{2}{6}$ $\frac{8}{12} \quad \frac{2}{5}$

Other fractions equivalent to $\frac{1}{4}$ are $\frac{6}{24}, \frac{7}{28}, \frac{8}{32}, \frac{9}{36}$, etc.

Day 2 Equivalent fractions Sheet 1

## Challenge

| $\frac{2}{8} \equiv \frac{1}{4}$ | $\frac{6}{8} \equiv \frac{3}{4}$ | $\frac{3}{9} \equiv \frac{1}{3}$ | $\frac{6}{9} \equiv \frac{2}{3}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\frac{2}{12} \equiv \frac{1}{6}$ | $\frac{3}{12} \equiv \frac{1}{4}$ | $\frac{4}{12} \equiv \frac{1}{3}$ | $\frac{6}{12} \equiv \frac{1}{2}$ |
| $\frac{4}{12} \equiv \frac{2}{6}$ | $\frac{10}{12} \equiv \frac{5}{6}$ | $\frac{8}{12} \equiv \frac{2}{3}$ | $\frac{9}{12} \equiv \frac{3}{4}$ |

We would need two more rows: $\frac{1}{13}$ s and $\frac{1}{14}$ s to give $\frac{5}{7} \equiv \frac{10}{14}$

Day 3 Adding and subtracting fractions Sheet 1
$\frac{3}{4}+\frac{3}{4}=1 \frac{1}{2}$
$\frac{5}{6}-\frac{2}{6}=\frac{3}{6}=\frac{1}{2}$
$\frac{3}{5}+\frac{2}{5}=1$
$\frac{5}{6}+\frac{1}{6}=1$
$\frac{4}{5}+\frac{2}{5}=1 \frac{1}{5}$
$1 \frac{1}{4}+\frac{3}{4}=2$
$\frac{5}{6}+\frac{2}{6}=1 \frac{1}{6}$
$\frac{4}{5}-\frac{2}{5}=\frac{2}{5}$
$\frac{3}{4}-\frac{1}{4}=\frac{2}{4}=\frac{1}{2}$
$1 \frac{1}{5}-\frac{3}{5}=\frac{3}{5}$
$1 \frac{1}{4}-\frac{3}{4}=\frac{2}{4}=\frac{1}{2}$
$\frac{4}{5}+\frac{4}{5}=1 \frac{3}{5}$
$1 \frac{2}{6}-\frac{4}{6}=\frac{4}{6}=\frac{2}{3}$
$\frac{2}{4}+1 \frac{3}{6}=2$
$1 \frac{3}{6}-\frac{5}{6}=\frac{4}{6}=\frac{2}{3}$
$1 \frac{5}{6}-1 \frac{3}{6}=\frac{2}{6}=\frac{1}{3}$

